# PULMONARY DISCIPLINE

North Carolina Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation Association 45<sup>th</sup> Annual Symposium

# Disclosure

# I have no actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to this program/presentation

# **Discussion Topics**

2025 Reimbursement Updates

# > ITP

- Purpose
- Essential elements and steps to include in ITP
- Reassessment of treatment plan
- Daily session notes
- Discharge note

# ➢Discussion

# 2025 Reimbursement Rates

**Cardiac Rehabilitation** 

Pulmonary Rehabilitation

Supervised Exercise Therapy

Outpatient Respiratory Services

	Procedure Code	APC	On-Campus & Excepted Off- campus HOPD Payment Rate	Non- Excepted Off- Campus HOPD Payment Rate	PFS Non- Facility Payment Rate
CR	93797	5771	125.91	50.36	16.50
Cix	93798	5771	125.91	50.36	24.58
ICR	G0422	5771	125.91	125.91	126.15
ICR	G0423	5771	125.91	125.91	126.15
SET	93668	5733	59.40	23.76	14.23
PR	94625	5733	59.40	23.76	75.04
rκ	94626	5733	59.40	23.76	81.51
	G0237	5731	24.49	9.80	11.32
ORS	G0238	5731	24.49	9.80	10.03
	G0239	5732	39.25	15.70	12.94

# HOW DOES YOUR ITP MEASURE UP?

Connie Paladenech, RRT, RCP, MAACVPR, FAARC Atrium Health Wake Forest Baptist Winston-Salem, NC cpaladen@wakehealth.edu

# **INDIVIDUALIZED** Treatment Plan

# It's the content, not the format that matters!

AACVPR and CMS do <u>not</u> endorse any specific treatment plan format

# **ITP Purpose**

# 42 CFR §410.47 Pulmonary rehabilitation program: CMS Conditions for coverage

Written plan established, reviewed, and signed by a physician every 30 days

Diagnosis

Type, amount, frequency, and duration of the items and services furnished under the plan Goals set for the individual patient under the plan to include:

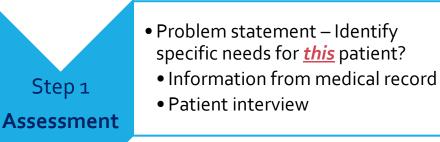
Exercise Nutrition Psychosocial Oxygen Management Other Core Components

Outcomes

Supporting structure for patient's treatment plan Multi-disciplinary team + <u>patient</u> develop goals and identify strategies for meeting those goals Standardized approach to developing individualized goals and interventions



# **ITP Steps**



# • Goals

Step 2

Plan

Step 3

Reassessment

- Physician Orders/Interventions
- Education

- Every 30 days from date of MD signature to next MD signature
- Discharge/Outcomes

# --- Standardized approach used to develop a personalized treatment plan

**Goals** Is pt. meeting goals? Changes needed?

- Clear, concise statements based on problem statement
- Understandable to patient
- Realistic, measurable and achievable
- Specific to each patient's needs and includes patient's personal goals?

# **Physician Orders/Intervention**

- Team + patient identify strategies (interventions) for achieving identified goals immediately at beginning and end
- Ex Rx must be signed by MD/DO before or no later than first billing date

## Education

- What does patient need to know to better self-manage their condition?
- Should be interactive with team just handout or video not acceptable



# PLAN: Goals, Interventions, Education

# **Goal Setting Tips:**

- 1. Identify patients' personal goals - what motivates the patient?
- 2. <u>Determine interventions and</u> <u>monitor ability to achieve goals</u>

- how do your interventions fit into patient's life, goals and priorities – be aware of distractions and roadblocks.

3. <u>Do not assume non-adherence is</u> <u>a reason for lack of improvement</u>

- determine why patient is not compliant. Patients meeting goals should be provided with self-management and relapse prevention plans

S Specific M Measurable A Achievable R Realistic T Time

# **Essential elements - exercise**



# Ex Rx

- ❑ Mode
- **G** Frequency
- Duration
- □ Intensity
- 02

#### Assessment Plan Information from **Goals** Patient specific medical record □ MD/DO Orders/ □ Information from Interventions this patient Ex Rx must be signed Problem by MD/DO before or statement on first billing date **Education Examples** Examples Goals Current activity level • Increase 6MWD by \_\_\_\_\_feet Hypoxia, SpO<sub>2</sub> • Climb 1 flight of stairs resting/exercise • Dress self independently **RPD/RPE** Interventions/Education MET Level • Ex guidelines and safety

- Objective measures: 6MWD, mMRC, DASI, CAT, CPET
- Fall Risk, Sit-to-Stand
- Assistive Device Use

- RPE/RPD scales
   Breathing control strategies
- Warm up/Cool down
- Equipment orientation
- Home exercise
- O2 use Signs & symptoms to report

# Reassessment

- □ 30 60 90 Days
- Completion /Discharge
- Outcomes

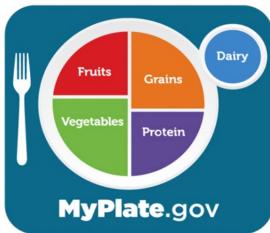
## Examples

Progression – Has pt.. met short term goals? – Specific, objective data Is patient meeting goals? How?

30-60-90 Day Goals Changes in treatment plan:

- Current activity level
- Hypoxia, SpO2
- RPD/RPE MET Level
- Objective measures: 6MWD, mMRC, DASI, CAT, CPET
- Fall Risk, Sit-to-Stand
- Assistive Device Use

# **Essential elements - nutrition**



Initial MV Plate Coore

Initial WIT Flate Score			
Height (in)			
Weight (lbs)			
Overweight	Y	Ν	
Underweight	Y	Ν	
Cachexia	Y	Ν	
Poor Diet Habits	Y	Ν	
Osteoporosis	Y	Ν	
Diabetes	Y	Ν	

# Assessment

Information from

medical record

Information from this patient

Problem statement

## Examples

- BMI <u><</u> 18 or <u>></u> 30 or involuntary weight loss > 10% in 6 months or >5% in 1 month
- Recent weight change
- Knowledge deficit related to
   healthy diet
- Changes in eating habits since pulmonary problems began
- Special diet or supplements
- Diet restrictions
- Describe appetite: Good Fair Poor
- Food allergies:

# Plan

**Goals -** Patient specific

# Interventions

# Education

- Nutrition for chronic lung disease
- Reading nutrition labels
- Importance of adequate fluid
   intake
- Managing SOB during/after meals
- Making healthy dietary changes
- Strategies for gaining/losing weight

## Examples

## **Physician Orders/Interventions:**

- Improve My Plate scores: \_\_\_\_\_
- Referral to Dietitian
- Follow diet plan
- Add one or more servings of vegetable daily
- Take salt shaker off table
- Watch portion sizes
- Add powered milk to soups, etc. to increase calories and protein

# Reassessment

 30 - 60 - 90 Days
 Completion/ Discharge

# Outcomes

Future plans – What is the plan for maintaining the gains achieved during PR?

- Join maintenance program
- Exercise at nearby fitness center ...
- Prepare more meals at home, etc.

## Examples

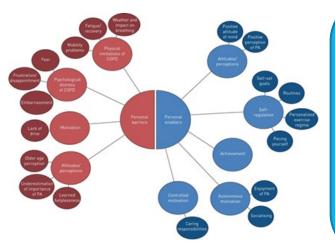
**Progression** – Need to update ITP – Has pt. met short term goals? – Specific, objective data

Is patient meeting goals? Patient response?

30 Day Goal: 60 Day Goal: 90 Day Goal:

- Changes in treatment plan:
- X lbs. wt. loss/gain per week
- Increase walking time , etc.

# **Essential elements - psychosocial**



Potential Barriers	Potential Facilitators
Physical limitations	Positive attitude
Psychological distress	Self-set goals
Lack of motivation	Enjoyment of physical activity
Attitude/Perceptions -Learned helplessness - Underestimation of importance of PA	Support from family/friends
Financial constraints	Socializing

Adapted from: Kopsteli MC, Heneghan NR, Roskell C, et al. Barriers and enablers of physical activity engagement for patients with COPD in primary care. *Int. J. Chron. Obstr. Pulmon. Dis* 2017; 12:1019-1031

# Assessment

Evaluation of an individual's **mental & emotional functioning** related to individual's rehabilitation including:

- Family & home situation
- Individual's response to and rate of progress under the treatment plan
- Can be performed by program staff, not required to be performed by mental health professional
- Information from medical record
- Information from this patient

## Examples

- Low stress level
- Transportation issues
- Panic
- Anxiety
- Financial strain
- Doesn't feel safe at home
- Anger
- Able to afford medications
- Currently participating in counseling
- Intra-family strains/conflict
- Able to afford food
- Coping strategies:
- Work/family strains
- Illness & family care issues
- Poor Coping skills

# Plan

**Goals** 

Patient specific

□ Interventions

# Education

- Coping techniques
- Relaxation techniques
- Sexuality
- Breathing strategies to control dyspnea
- Advanced directives
- Emotional health and well being

## Examples

**Goals:** Assess presence/absence of depression using GAD-7/PHQ-9

- Maintain GAD-7 score of < 5
- Maintain PHQ 9 score of < 5
- Maximize coping skills
- Establish a positive support system

#### Physician Orders/Interventions:

- Review screening tool results with patient
- Discuss signs, symptoms of depression, stressors, appropriate coping skills, stress management, travel and intimacy as appropriate
- Identify stress management/coping strategies
- Train in dyspnea, panic control/ relaxation/stress management techniques
- Refer to social services/mental health
- Assess patient safety each visit

# Reassessment

- □ 30 60 90 Days
- Completion
  - /Discharge
- Outcomes

## Examples

Progression – Has pt.. met short term goals? – Specific, objective data Is patient meeting goals? How? 30-60-90 Day Goals

### Changes in treatment plan:

Future plans – What is the plan for maintaining the gains achieved during PR?

- Join maintenance program
- Exercise at nearby fitness center
- Schedule time with family and friends

# **Essential elements - oxygen**



# Oxygen Rx

- □ Rest
- □ Activity
- □ Sleep
- Modality (NC, Reservoir Cannula, Other)
- □ Flow (CF or PD)
- Device (Stationary, POC, Compressed Gas)

# Assessment

- Information from medical record
- Information from <u>this</u> patient
- Perform O<sub>2</sub> titration on patient's own system, if available
- Problem statement

# Plan

• Goals

Adherence with O2 use as prescribed

• Pt. can describe: O2 Hrs of use per day, O2 setting @ rest, with ADLs, sleep exertion

O2 safety, cleaning & maintenance

- Orders/Interventions
- Education
  - What does patient need to know?

# Reassessment

# 30 - 60 - 90 Days Completion/Discharge Outcomes

 Future plans – What is the plan for maintaining the gains achieved during PR?

# Examples

٠

- Current O<sub>2</sub> prescription/DME Provider
- Hypoxia, SpO2 resting/exercise
- Not using O2 as prescribed Reason?
- Unaware of O2 prescription
- Does not have ambulatory oxygen
- Objective measures: SpO2 @ rest & with exertion
- Unable to describe accurate O2 use and safety
  - Needs O2 titration and recommendation of appropriate delivery system/flow
- No need for supplemental O2 at this time

## Examples

## Physician Orders/Interventions:

- Assess SpO2 and titrate O2 to obtain SpO2 > 88% for refractory hypoxemic pts.
   , 90% for general pts., 92% for CHF and pulm HTN.
- Identify reasons for non-compliance and discuss options
- Recommend appropriate O2 delivery system /flow

## Education:

- Equipment orientation, discuss benefits of adherence to use of supplemental O<sub>2</sub>, use/safety/travel
- Signs & symptoms to report

## Examples

## **30 Day Goal: 60 Day Goal 90 Day Goal** Changes in treatment plan:

- No need for supplemental O<sub>2</sub> at this time
- SpO2 on Rm Air resting/exertion
- Using O2 as prescribed maintaining SpO2 \_\_\_\_% on O2 setting of \_\_\_\_\_@ rest, activity Use O2 as prescribed
- Knows O<sub>2</sub> settings for Rest, Activity, Sleep
- Self-monitor SpO2 levels and notify healthcare provider if unable to maintain target levels

# Essential Elements – Other Core Measures/Risk Factors



# **Other Core Measures**

- Exacerbation Prevention
- Medications
- Breathing Retraining/Energy Conservation Techniques
- **D** Tobacco Cessation
- **G** Respiratory Equipment
- **Other**

	Steps	Examples
-	<ul> <li>Assessment</li> <li>Information from medical record</li> <li>Information from <u>this</u> patient</li> <li>Hospitalizations/ER visits in past year:/</li> <li>Problem statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Limited knowledge of disease self-management strategies</li> <li>Not aware of effect of weather/environment on breathing</li> <li>Not using prescribed respiratory medications – why?</li> <li>Suboptimal inhaler technique – describe</li> <li>Peak inspiratory flow rate:</li> <li>Difficulty performing daily activities due to SOB &amp; fatigue</li> <li>UCSD SOBQ score:, mMRC, CAT</li> <li>Stage of change: PC – C - P – A - M – R Quit date: Currently using tobacco: cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, e-Cigs</li> <li>Difficulty using respiratory devices: (CPAP, BiPAP, NIV, Airway clearance devices, etc.)</li> </ul>
on	<ul> <li>Plan</li> <li>Goals <ul> <li>Clear and concise</li> <li>Based on problem statement</li> <li>Understandable to patient</li> <li>Measurable</li> <li>Achievable</li> <li>Specific to each patient's needs</li> <li>Patient's personal goals?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Physician Orders/Intervention <ul> <li>Education</li> <li>What does patient need to know?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Goals: Patient specific –       Physician Orders/ Interventions:       Recognition of signs and symptoms of an exacerbation         • Follow self-management plan to prevent/manage disease related impairments       • Provide pt with a self-management plan       • Recognition of signs and symptoms of an exacerbation         • Optimal use of respiratory medications 100% of the time Breathing Retraining/ADLs       • Assess PEFR, if <30 LPM for DPI and/or <25 LPM for pMDI, contact MD to discuss alternatives to MDI/DPI inhaler devices
	<ul> <li>Reassessment 30 – 60 – 90 Days</li> <li>From date of MD signature to next MD signature</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression – Need to update ITP – Has pt met short term goals? – Specific, objective data</li> <li>Is patient meeting goals? How?</li> <li>30 Day Goal: 60 Day Goal 90 Day Goal Changes in treatment plan:</li> </ul>
ues t	<b>Discharge/Outcomes</b> Follows Action Plan, uses medications as prescribed	Future plans – What is the plan for maintaining the gains achieved during PR? Demonstrates use of disease management strategies as evidenced by:

# Essential elements - other core measures/risk

# factors



# **Other Core Measures**

- Exacerbation Prevention
- **Medications**
- Breathing Retraining
- **Energy Conservation** Techniques
- Tobacco Cessation
- Respiratory Equipment
- Other

## Assessment

- Information from medical record
- Information from this patient
- Hospitalizations/ER visits in past year
- Problem statement What does THIS patient need?

## Plan

**Goals:** Patient specific: **Exacerbation Prevention-Action** Plan **Medications – Compliance/Inhaler** technique Breathing Retraining/ADLs-Ability to perform **Tobacco Cessation**  Complete cessation • Progress stage of change

## **Respiratory Equipment**

• Use respiratory device as ordered

## Examples

- Knowledge of disease selfmanagement
- Effect of weather/environment
- Use of prescribed respiratory meds
- Suboptimal inhaler technique describe
- Peak inspiratory flow rate
- Difficulty performing ADLs
- UCSD SOBQ, mMRC, CAT
- Tobacco use
- Difficulty using respiratory devices: (CPAP, BiPAP, NIV, Airway

# clearance devices, etc.)

## Examples

## **Physician Orders/Interventions:**

- Provide self-management plan
- Identify reasons for non-compliance
- Assess PEFR, if <30 LPM for DPI and/or <25 LPM for pMDI, contact MD re: alternatives to MDI/DPI inhaler devices
- Smoking cessation education •
- Recognition of s&s of an exacerbation ٠
- Environment/weather and breathing
- Review meds purpose, schedule, sideeffects, correct administration technique Train on correct use of respiratory device to include setup, use, cleaning & safety

# Reassessment

- 30 60 90 Davs
- Completion/Discharge
- Outcomes
  - Future plans What is plan for maintaining gains achieved during PR?

## Examples

## 30 Day Goal - 60 Day Goal - 90 Day **Goal** Changes in treatment plan Future plans – Plan for maintaining the gains achieved during PR? Demonstrates use of disease management strategies as evidenced by:

- Using O<sub>2</sub> as prescribed maintaining SpO2 \_\_\_\_% on O2 setting of \_\_\_\_ (a) rest, activity
- Follows Action Plan, uses medications as prescribed
- Self-monitors SpO2 levels and notifies healthcare provider if unable to maintain target levels

**ITP EXAMPLE** 



#### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

No. Appr	roved Sess	ions:		36 We	eks Dat	e:	Start Date:	Days:	Class Time:	
Patient N	lame:							MRN:	DOB:	
									Age:	
Address:							Referring MD:		-	
							Phone:			
Phone							PCP:			
							Phone:			
Referring Diagnosis Other Res	E									
Diagnose										
Allergies:										
Precautio	ns:									
PFTs	Date of Study:	FVC (L)	% Exed	FEV1 (L)	% Exed	Actual FEV1/FVC Ratio	DLCO,(ml/min/mr	m Hg)		% Ered
Pre Bronch	odilator									
Post Brond	hodilator						TLC (L.):			
					1	1	1			1

#### Initial Assessment: Medical History

#### Signs & Symptoms:

What concerns you the most about your condition?

Do you experience any of the following: shortness of breath, cough, sputum, wheezing, fatigue, clubbing, cyanosis?

Do you experience: angina, shortness of breath, discomfort – pressure tingling, pain, heaviness, burning, numbness in chest, jaw, neck, or arms; atypical angina: lightheadedness, dizziness, or fainting, rapid heartbeat or palpitations, especially if associated with physical activity, eating a large meal, emotional upset, or exposure to cold?

#### Recent illnesses, hospitalizations, surgical procedures:

#### Risk factors for disease progression:

hypertension, diabetes, obesity, dyslipidemia, smoking (age started, age when quit, most ever smoked) stress, physical inactivity

#### Medication dose and schedule, drug allergies



Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

#### See medication list in Encompass

#### Oxygen Assessment

O2 Rx, assistive devices, DME provider, knowledge of use and care of respiratory equipment, pulse oximeter use

Other habits - including alcohol or illicit drug use

#### Exercise history

information on habitual level of activity: type of exercise, frequency, duration, and intensity

#### Work history

with emphasis on current or expected physical/mental demands noting upper and lower extremity requirements; estimated time to return to work; retired

#### Psychosocial history

including living conditions; marital and family status; transportation needs; family needs; domestic and emotional problems; depression, anxiety, or other psychological disorders

Coping and support mechanisms

Stress management

PHQ-9 Score

CAT Score

mMRC

# **Initial Assessment: Physical Examination** (should focus minimally on the SpO2, resting heart rate; blood pressure; and pulmonary, cardiac, vascular, and musculoskeletal areas)

Weight, height, BMI

Respiratory rate; Pulse rate and regularity

Resting blood pressure

Resting SpO2

Respiratory Mechanics (MIP, PEFR, PIFR)

Supplemental Oxygen Use

Auscultation of lungs with specific attention to uniformity of breath sounds in all areas (absence or rales, wheezes, and other abnormal breath sounds)



Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

R Realistic T Time

Signs of respiratory disease - cyanosis, clubbing, increased use of respiratory muscles, diminished breath sounds

Auscultation of heart with specific attention to murmurs, gallops, clicks, and rubs

Palpation and inspection of lower extremities for edema and the presence of arterial pulses, skin integrity (particularly in diabetics)

Examination related to orthopedic, neurologic, or other medical conditions that might limit exercise testing / training

#### PLAN: Goals, Interventions, Education

S Specific M Measurable A Achievable

Goal Setting Tips: Identify patients' personal goals – what motivates the patient?

<u>Determine interventions and monitor</u> ability to achieve goals. How do your interventions fit into patient's life, goals and priorities – be aware of distractions and roadblocks.

<u>Do not assume non-adherence is a reason for lack of improvement</u> – determine why patient is not compliant. Patients meeting goals should be provided with self-management and relapse prevention plans

Patient's Personal Goal

#### Exercise Plan (Goals, Interventions, Education)

Exercise Precautions:

- Pulmonary Hypertension Protocol: Reduce of stop exercise in presence of chest pain, lightheadedness, palpitations, hypotension, severe dyspnea, pre-syncope, or syncope. Use extreme caution to avoid interruption of intravenous vasodilator therapy and to prevent falls, especially if taking anticoagulants.
- Orthopedic/ Osteoporosis precautions: Fall precautions, avoid forward flexion, trunk rotation, high impact activities
- Diabetes: Adequate hydration before, during and after exercise, keep source of rapidly acting carbohydrates available, good foot care
- 4. Hypertension: Do not exercise if systolic BP > 200 mm Hg or diastolic BP > 115 mm Hg
- 5. Hypotension: Adequate hydration, no exercise within 3 hours of eating a large meal, monitor BP and signs and symptoms including dizziness, lightheadedness, nausea, pallor, cyanosis, extreme or sudden weakness, mental confusion, visual disturbances, inability to respond to questions or instructions

S	Atrium Health
	Atrium Health Wake Forest Baptist

Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

#### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

6.	Severe Hypoxia: Titrate supplemental oxygen to obtain SpO2 88% for refractory hypoxemic patients; 90% for
	general patients; 92% for CHF and pulmonary hypertension patients or as specifically ordered by physician
7.	Acute Dyspnea:
8.	Other:
Exercis	se Goals
1.	Improve 6 minute walk test by 10%
	Predicted Six Minute Walk Test Distance: (Ft)
	Actual Six Minute Walk Test Distance: (Ft)
2.	Improve maximum work load by 40%
3.	Meet lung transplant functional capacity criteria:
	a. Walk 1000 feet in 6 minutes
	b. Walk 2640 feet in 20 minutes
	c. Stationary ergometer @ 0.5kp for at least 20 minutes
	d. Walk 2.0 mph for 30 minutes on treadmill
4.	Improve ability to perform ADLs as evidenced by improvement in UCSD SOBQ/CAT scores.
5.	Patient will be independent and compliant with HEP to maintain strength and endurance levels achieved during course of pulmonary rehabilitation.
6.	Demonstrate appropriate use of RPD/RPE rating scales to report symptoms of fatigue and shortness of breath.
7.	Other:

- Administer oxygen via nasal cannula at 4 LPM continuous flow (CF) and titrate O2 flow to maintain SpO2 
   <u>> 88-90%</u> at all times including during exercise.
- Develop an individualized exercise program based on initial evaluation findings including 6MWT results.
- Develop an individualized home-based exercise program.

#### Exercise Prescription: Aerobic

Frequency: Supervised exercise 2-3 days per week in pulmonary rehabilitation plus independent exercise 2-3 days per week initiated by week 4 of program.

- Intensity: RPE < 4/10, RPD of 3-4/10.
- Time: 31 to 60 minutes for up to 36 sessions.
- Mode: Lap walking, NuStep, Arm ergometer.

Progression: Progress individualized exercise program toward goals based on participant response to exercise including HR, SpO2, BP, RPE, RPD and symptoms of exercise intolerance. Progression of exercise training will result from increases in time, intensity, and frequency. Initial emphasis will be on increasing exercise time.





Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

#### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

#### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

Mode	Frequency	Duration	Intensity	FIO2
Warmup/	3 x week	3 min	RPD 2-3/10	NC @6
Cool down				CF
Lap Walking-Rollator	3 x week	20 min	RPE 4/10	NC @6
				CF
NuStep	3 x week	20 min	Level 2 RPE 4/10	NC @6
				CF
UBE	3 x week	5 – 20 min	RPM 20 RPE 4/10	NC @6
				CF
TM				NC @6
				CF

Flexibility (Stretching)/Strengthening Prescription: Goal: 5 days/week after walking Should take 7 to 10 minutes Perform per Home Exercise Prescription

Mode	Frequency	Duration	Intensity	FIO2
Hamstrings and Calf	5 Days/Week	3 Reps	Hold each rep 30	NC @4
Muscles			seconds	CF
Upper Extremity	5 Days/ Week	10 Reps	Band Color:	NC @4
Resistance Bands			Red	CF
Pursed Lip and Diaphragmatic Breathing	3 x week	1 Minute		NC @4 CF

#### Home Exercise Program

- 1. Begin Home Exercise Program (HEP) on Level [ ]
- 2. Work at an intensity of 3-4 on RPD scale and do not exceed target heart rate of 📖 per minute.
- 3. Practice pursed lip and diaphragmatic breathing twice daily for 5 minutes each session.
- 4. Lower extremity endurance exercise (Walk): Accumulate 20 to 30 minutes/day in bouts of at least 10 minutes.
- Walk indoors or outdoors and progress as tolerated to 30 minutes continuous walking per day not to exceed RPD of 4 or THR of [ ] per minute

#### Education

- 1. Discuss importance/benefits and core components of exercise prescription with patient.
- Provide education on safe exercise guidelines including O2 use to patient and caregiver and safe exercise guidelines for pulmonary hypertension.
- 3. Educate patient in correct use of RPD/RPE scales to monitor exercise intensity and dyspnea levels.
- 4. Education on s/s to stop exercise

#### Nutrition Plan

#### Picture Your Plate Scoring:

Less than 40: Great likelihood of unhealthy eating patterns, much room for improvement 41-50: Also unlikely to meet current recommendations for good health, room for improvement 51-60: More healthful eating pattern, some room for improvement Greater than 61: Healthful eating pattern, may still be room for specific improvements

Greater than 61: Healthful eating pattern, may still be room for specific improvemen

#### Goals

- 1. Improve Picture Your Plate score by 10 points by decreasing empty carb snacks, limiting red meat choices, and
- 2. being conscious of salt intake and hidden salt content
- Maintain Picture Your Plate score above 60 and focus on increasing healthy fats, good proteins, and complex carbs into diet
- Improve Picture Your Plate score by 10 points by decreasing empty carb snacks, limiting red meat choices, and being conscious of salt intake and hidden salt content
- Maintain Picture Your Plate score above 60 and focus on increasing healthy fats, good proteins, and complex carbs into diet

#### Weight

- 1. Reduce BMI status by 1-2lb weight reduction each week
- 2. Increase BMI status by 1-2lbs weight gain each week
- Eat multiple small meals throughout day instead of fewer large meals to decrease feelings of bloating and shortness of breath during and after meals
- 4. Maintain BMI status
- 5. Fit into size \_\_\_\_ (dress, pants,.....) for upcoming special occasion

#### Food Literacy

6.

4.

- 1. Become comfortable with reading labels
- 2. Begin a Food and Drink journal
- 3. Work towards a minimum of 2 hours between the end of the last meal and bedtime

#### Food Specific

- 1. Assist in kitchen preparing food with family
- 2. Replace 2 cups of coffee with 2 cups of water daily
- 3. Incorporate 2 MEATLESS meals per week
- 4. Bring a homemade lunch to work 3x weekly
- 5. Reduce Fast Food consumption to less than twice weekly



Physician Orders/Interventions

2. Encourage adequate fluid intake.

1. Healthy eating for lung disease

2. Tips for portion control

3. Tips for gaining weight

4. Tips for losing weight 5. Other\_\_\_\_

6. Reduce sugary drink consumption to 1 drink per day

Provide education on the role of nutrition in managing chronic lung disease.

Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)



Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

#### Coping Techniques

- 1. Identify internal and external stressors and learn how to properly manage them
- 2. Establish healthy boundaries
- 3. Create daily "To-Do" lists and work towards completing them
- Ask for help
- 5.

#### Support

4. \_\_\_\_

- 1. Identify a support person who can be an accountability partner
- 2. Involve family in medical/life decisions
- 3. Join a support group (in person or virtual)
- Physician Orders/Interventions
- 1. Discuss signs of depression, stressors, appropriate coping skills, stress management, travel and intimacy as appropriate.
- 2. Assist in identifying stress management/coping strategies.

#### Education

1. Train in dyspnea, panic control/relaxation/stress management techniques

#### Discharge/Follow-up

- 1. Practice stress management skills on a daily basis
- 2. Identify at least one thing to be grateful for each day

#### Oxygen Management Plan:

#### Goals

- 1. Verbalize/demonstrate proper O2 use, infection prevention, and safety principles.
- 2. Adherence with O2 use as prescribed.
- 3. Verbalize oxygen prescription to include:
  - a. Hours of use per day
  - b. LPM at rest
  - c. LPM with ADLs
  - d. LPM with sleep
  - e. LPM with exercise

#### Physician Orders/Interventions/Education

- 1. Discuss benefits of adherence to supplemental oxygen as prescribed.
- 2. Reinforce principles of oxygen use, safety, travel, and equipment maintenance.
- 3. Assess oxygenation via SpO2 and titrate supplemental oxygen to obtain SpO2 88% for refractory hypoxemic patients; 90% for general patients; 92% for CHF and pulmonary hypertension patients.

### Discharge/Follow- up Initial weight:

- Initial Picture Your Plate Score: 1. Maintain current weight
- 2. Limit sugar and saturated fat intake
- Other

7.

Other\_\_\_\_\_

Education

#### Psychosocial Plan:

PHQ-9 Questionnaire Scoring:

0 - No Depression 1-4 – Minimal Depression

5-9 - Mild Depression

- 10-14 Moderate Depression
- 15-19 Moderately Severe Depression
- 20-27 Severe Depression

#### Goals

- 1. Improve PHQ-9 Score by 1 category
- 2. Maintain PHQ-9 Score
- 3. Identify 2 stress relieving mechanisms by discharge
- Other: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Relaxation Techniques

- 1. Complete 30 minutes of reading or reading activity (crossword, word search...) per day
- 2. Maintain a daily journal
- 3. Start a notebook for daily doodling
- 4. Spend 30 minutes per day doing a self-care activity
- 5. Learn a daily meditation

#### 6.



Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)





Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

- Discharge/Follow-up
- 1. Continue to use supplemental oxygen as prescribed
- 2. Follow safety and equipment maintenance and infection prevention guidelines as instructed

Other Core Components - Self-management/ Risk Factors Plan (Medications, Energy Conservation, Exacerbation Prevention, Respiratory Equipment, Diabetes, Hypertension, Smoking Cessation)

#### **Exacerbation Prevention Plan**

#### Goals

- 1. Effectively partner with healthcare team to prevent/manage disease related impairments
- 2. Create Respiratory Action Plan to manage flare-ups and exacerbations

#### Physician Orders/Interventions

- 1. Train/instruct pt. and family in disease overview, normal respiratory function
- 2. Provide self-management plan for managing worsening symptoms

#### Education

- 1. Train patient to recognize warning signs and symptoms of exacerbation
- Discuss effect of environment/weather on respiratory function and develop action plan to cope with adverse environmental factors

#### Discharge/Follow-up

- 1. Follow Action Plan for worsening symptoms
- 2. Review Action Plan with MD at each visit to maintain up to date

#### Medication Management Plan

#### Goals

- 1. Optimal use of respiratory medications 100% of time
- 2. Describe medications, purpose, side-effects, dosing

#### Physician Orders – Interventions

- Review prescribed meds purpose, schedule, side-effects, correct administration technique and importance of compliance
- Assess PIFR, if < 30 LPM for DPI and/or < 25 LPM for pMDL, contact the MD to discuss alternatives to MDI/DPI inhaler devices
- 3. Identify reasons for non-compliance and discuss options

#### Education

- 1. Review prescribed meds purpose, schedule, side-effects, correct administration technique and importance of compliance
- 2. Train/instruct patient and family in disease overview, normal respiratory function and provide self-management plan

#### Discharge/Follow-up

- Uses medications as prescribed
- 2. Demonstrates correct inhaler technique

#### Breathing Retraining/Energy Conservation Plan

#### Goals

1. Patient will demonstrate improved ability to perform daily activities as demonstrated by an improvement in RPD

score.

#### Physician Orders – Interventions

- 1. Assess patient's ability to perform daily activities
- 2. Reassess patient symptoms using UCSD SOBQ, mMRC, and CAT at completion of pulmonary rehab.

#### Education

 Educate patient in pacing, pursed lip breathing and energy conservation techniques to improve ability to perform daily activities with less shortness of breath.

#### Discharge/Follow-up

- 1. Demonstrates effective use of PLB, pacing and energy conservation techniques with daily activities
- 2. Continue to practice PLB and pacing on a daily basis to improve functional ability and maintain knowledge

#### Tobacco Cessation Plan

- Goals
  - 1. Complete cessation
- Set a quit date
- 3. Progress stage of change
- 4. Reduce tobacco products to ½ of current level

#### MD Orders/Interventions

- 1. Assess patient's current status of readiness to quit
- 2. Identify smoking triggers and work with patient to choose a method for quitting



#### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

3. Create survival plan and provide support/education for tobacco cessation effort

#### Education

 Discuss benefits of quitting, quit options, pharmacologic aids, survival plan, coping strategies, management of slips & relapses

#### Discharge/Follow-up

- 1. Continue to follow survival plan to maintain no smoking status
- 2. Follow plan for managing slips/relapses, if needed

#### Respiratory Equipment: \_

#### Goals

- Use respiratory devices as ordered
- 2. Follow manufacturers guidelines for use, maintenance, cleaning of equipment

#### MD Orders/Intervention

1. Train on correct use of device to include setup, use, cleaning & safety

#### Education

- 1. Purpose and correct use of device
- 2. Setup, maintenance and cleaning procedures

#### Discharge/Follow-up

- Follow instructions
- 2. Continue to use device as instructed

Supervising Physician: I certify the need for these services furnished under this plan of care.

Signature:

Date:

#### Medical Director



Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

#### Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

## [30 60 90 Day Discharge/Outcomes] Reassessment

Must be performed within 30 days from date of last MD signature with 36 sessions completed within 36 weeks.

Reassess patient's status for each element of ITP: provide detail on what was performed or discussed with patient; how did patient respond. "Staff / patient discussion" provides no detail. Describe how patient tolerates the intervention / change – medications, exercise, new eating habits, return to work, etc. Progress or lack of progress toward goals – describe what changes were made to interventions and ITP.

If goals were met, what are the next steps - establish new goal or what is the plan to maintain that goal?

#### Exercise Goals

	[ ] Day Reassessment Date:
1. Improve 6 minute walk test by 10%	Current 6MWD: feet
2. Predicted Six Minute Walk Test Distance:	
(Ft)	
3. Actual Six Minute Walk Test Distance: (Ft)	
4. Improve maximum work load by 40%	
<ol> <li>Meet lung transplant functional capacity criteria:         <ol> <li>Walk 1000 feet in 6 minutes</li> <li>Walk 2640 feet in 20 minutes</li> <li>Stationary ergometer @ 0.5kp for at least 20 minutes</li> <li>Weik 20 minutes</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
d. Walk 2.0 mph for 30 minutes on treadmill 6. Improve ability to perform ADLs as evidenced by	
improvement in UCSD SOBQ/CAT scores.	
<ol> <li>Patient will be independent and compliant with HEP to maintain strength and endurance levels achieved during course of pulmonary rehabilitation.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Demonstrate appropriate use of RPD/RPE rating scales to report symptoms of fatigue and shortness of breath.</li> </ol>	
9. Other:	
10. Personal Exercise Goal:	How is patient progressing?
Exercise Precautions:	



Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

Initial Asse		[ ]	Day Reassessment	Date:
Exercise Pi	recautions:			
1.	Pulmonary Hypertension Protocol: Reduce of			
	stop exercise in presence of chest pain,			
	lightheadedness, palpitations, hypotension,			
	severe dyspnea, pre-syncope, or syncope. Use			
	extreme caution to avoid interruption of			
	intravenous vasodilator therapy and to prevent			
	falls, especially if taking anticoagulants.			
2.	Orthopedic/ Osteoporosis precautions: Fall			
	precautions, avoid forward flexion, trunk			
	rotation, high impact activities			
3.	Diabetes: Adequate hydration before, during			
	and after exercise, keep source of rapidly acting			
	carbohydrates available, good foot care			
4.	Hypertension: Do not exercise if systolic BP >			
	200 mm Hg or diastolic BP > 115 mm Hg			
5.	Hypotension: Adequate hydration, no exercise			
	within 3 hours of eating a large meal, monitor			
	BP and signs and symptoms including dizziness,			
	lightheadedness, nausea, pallor, cyanosis,			
	extreme or sudden weakness, mental			
	confusion, visual disturbances, inability to			
	respond to questions or instructions			
6.	Severe Hypoxia: Titrate supplemental oxygen to			
	obtain SpO2 88% for refractory hypoxemic			
	patients; 90% for general patients; 92% for CHF			
	and pulmonary hypertension patients or as			
	specifically ordered by physician			
7.	Acute Dyspnea:			
8.	Other:			
hysician (	Orders/Planned Interventions:			
1.	Administer oxygen via nasal cannula at 4 LPM			
	continuous flow (CF) and titrate O2 flow to			
	maintain SpO2 ≥ 88-90% at all times including during exercise.			
2	Develop an individualized exercise program			
-	based on initial evaluation findings including			
	6MWT results.			
3.	Develop an individualized home-based exercise			
	program.			



exceed target heart rate of 111 per minute.

3. Practice pursed lip and diaphragmatic breathing

twice daily for 5 minutes each session.

Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

Initial Asse		Da	ate:		[ ][	ay Reasses	sment	Date:	
Exercise Pr	rescription:								
Aerobic					Aerobic				
Frequency	: Supervise	d exercise :	2-3 days pe	r week in	Frequency	: Supervised	exercise 2-	·3 days per w	/eek in
pulmonary	, rehabilitat	ion plus ind	dependent	exercise 2-3	pulmonary	rehabilitati	on plus inde	ependent ex	ercise 2-
	eek initiate				days per w	eek initiate	d by week 4	of program.	
	RPE < 4/1	•	• =		Intensity:	RPE < 4/10	), RPD of 3-4	4/10.	
Time:		2			Time:			p to 36 sessi	ions
			up to 36 se		Mode:			Arm ergomet	
Mode:	Lap walkir	ng, <u>NuStep</u> ,	Arm ergon	neter.	moue.	Lup warkin	5, <b>1000000</b> , /	anneigonnei	
Progressio	n: Progress	individuali	ized exercis	e program	Progressio	n: Progress	individualiz	ed exercise p	program
toward go	als based or	n participar	nt response	to exercise	toward goa	als based on	participant	response to	exercis
-			•	toms of exercise	including H	IR, SpO2, BF	, RPE, RPD	and symptor	ns of ex
-				will result from	intolerance	. Progressio	on of exercis	se training w	ill result
	-		-			-		equency. Ini	
				Initial emphasis		-	xercise time		
will be on i	increasing e	exercise tim	ne.		win be offi	nereasing e	ACTUSE UITIE		
Mode	Frequency	Duration	Intensity	FIO2	Mode	Frequency	Duration	Intensity	FIO2
Warmup/	3 x week	3 min	RPD 2-3/10	NC @6 CF	Warmup/	3 x week	3 min	RPD 2-3/10	NC @6 C
Cool down			_	_	Cool down	3 x week	20 min	005.4/40	
Lap	3 x week	20 min	RPE 4/10	NC @6 CF	Lap Walking-	5 X Week	20 min	RPE 4/10	NC @6 C
Walking- Rollator					Rollator				
NuStep	3 x week	20 min	Level 2 RPE	NC @6 CF	NUSTER.	3 x week	20 min	Level 2 RPE	NC @6 C
000000			4/10					4/10	
UBE	3 x week	5 – 20 min	RPM 20	NC @6 CF	UBE	3 x week	5 – 20 min	RPM 20 RPE 4/10	NC @6 C
TM			RPE 4/10	NC @6 CF	TM			4/10	NC@60
days/week	(Stretching after walki	ing Should		ription: Goal: 5 0 minutes	days/week		ng Should t	n <b>ing Prescri</b> p ake 7 to 10 r	
Mode	Frequency	Duration	Intensity	FIO2	Mode	Frequency	Duration	Intensity	FIO2
Hamstrings	5	3 Reps	Hold each	NC @4 CF	Hamstrings	5 Days/	3 Reps	Hold each	NC @4Ci
and Calf	Days/Week		rep 30		and Calf	Week		rep for 30	-
Muscles			seconds		Muscles			seconds	
Upper Extremity	5 Days/ Week	10 Reps	Band Color: Red	NC @4 CF	Upper Extremity Resistance Bands	5 Days/ Week	10 Reps	Band Color: Red	NC @4 C
Resistance Bands					11				
Resistance	3 x week	1 Minute		NC @4 CF	Pursed Lip	3 x week	1 Minute		NC @4 C
Resistance Bands	3 x week	1 Minute		NC @4 CF	Pursed Lip and Diaphragma tic	3 x week	1 Minute		NC @4 C
Resistance Bands Pursed Lip and Diaphragm	3 x week	1 Minute		NC @4 CF	and Diaphragma	3 x week	1 Minute		NC @4 C

 Begin Home Exercise Program (HEP) on Level 1.
 Work at an intensity of 3-4 on RPD scale and do not exceed target heart rate of 111 per minute.
 Practice pursed lip and diaphragmatic breathing twice daily for 5 minutes each session.



Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

	Assessment Date:	[ ] Day Reassessment Date:
4.	Lower extremity endurance exercise (Walk):	<ol><li>Lower extremity endurance exercise (Walk):</li></ol>
	Accumulate 20 to 30 minutes/day in bouts of at least 10 minutes.	Accumulate 20 to 30 minutes/day in bouts of at least 10 minutes.
5	Walk indoors or outdoors and progress as tolerated	
2.	to 30 minutes continuous walking per day not to	to 30 minutes continuous walking per day not to
	exceed RPD of 4 or THR of 111 per minute	exceed RPD of 4 or THR of 111 per minute
Educat	tion	Education
1.	Discuss importance/benefits and core components	1. Discuss importance/benefits and core components
	of exercise prescription with patient.	of exercise prescription with patient.
2.	Provide education on safe exercise guidelines	<ol><li>Provide education on safe exercise guidelines</li></ol>
	including O2 use to patient and caregiver and safe	including O2 use to patient and caregiver and safe
_	exercise guidelines for pulmonary hypertension.	exercise guidelines for pulmonary hypertension.
3.	Educate patient in correct use of RPD/RPE scales to	<ol> <li>Educate patient in correct use of RPD/RPE scales to manifer superior interaction and durance levels</li> </ol>
4.	monitor exercise intensity and dyspnea levels. Education on s/s to stop exercise	monitor exercise intensity and dyspnea levels.
Nutriti	ion Goals	Nutrition Goals
1.	Improve Picture Your Plate score by 10 points by	1. Improve Picture Your Plate score by 10 points by
	decreasing empty carb snacks, limiting red meat	decreasing empty carb snacks, limiting red meat
	choices, and	choices, and
2.	Be conscious of salt intake and hidden salt content	2. Be conscious of salt intake and hidden salt content
3.	Maintain Picture Your Plate score above 60 and	3. Maintain Picture Your Plate score above 60 and
	focus on increasing healthy fats, good proteins, and	focus on increasing healthy fats, good proteins, an
	complex carbs into diet	complex carbs into diet
4.	Improve Picture Your Plate score by 10 points by	4. Improve Picture Your Plate score by 10 points by
	decreasing empty carb snacks, limiting red meat	decreasing empty carb snacks, limiting red meat
	choices, and being conscious of salt intake and	choices, and being conscious of salt intake and
	hidden salt content	hidden salt content
5	Maintain Picture Your Plate score above 60 and	5. Maintain Picture Your Plate score above 60 and
2.	focus on increasing healthy fats, good proteins, and	
	complex carbs into diet	complex carbs into diet
147	eight	Weight
	Reduce BMI status by 1-2lb weight reduction each	1. Reduce BMI status by 1-2lb weight reduction each
±.	week	week
2	Increase BMI status by 1-2lbs weight gain each	<ol> <li>Increase BMI status by 1-2lbs weight gain each</li> </ol>
-	week	week
3.	Eat multiple small meals throughout day instead of	<ol> <li>Eat multiple small meals throughout day instead of</li> </ol>
	fewer large meals to decrease feelings of bloating	fewer large meals to decrease feelings of bloating
	and shortness of breath during and after meals	and shortness of breath during and after meals
	Maintain BMI status	4. Maintain BMI status
4.		1
	Fit into size (dress, pants,) for upcoming	<ol><li>Fit into size (dress, pants,) for upcoming</li></ol>



Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

Initial	Assessment Date:	[ ] Day Reassessment Date:
6.		6
Food L	iteracy	Food Literacy
1.	Become comfortable with reading labels	1. Become comfortable with reading labels
2.	Begin a Food and Drink journal	<ol><li>Begin a Food and Drink journal</li></ol>
3.	Work towards a minimum of 2 hours between the	3. Work towards a minimum of 2 hours between the
	end of the last meal and bedtime	end of the last meal and bedtime
4.		4
Food S	pecific	Food Specific
1.	Assist in kitchen preparing food with family	1. Assist in kitchen preparing food with family
2.	Replace 2 cups of coffee with 2 cups of water daily	<ol><li>Replace 2 cups of coffee with 2 cups of water daily</li></ol>
3.	Incorporate 2 MEATLESS meals per week	3. Incorporate 2 MEATLESS meals per week
4.	Bring a homemade lunch to work 3x weekly	<ol><li>Bring a homemade lunch to work 3x weekly</li></ol>
5.	Reduce Fast Food consumption to less than twice	5. Reduce Fast Food consumption to less than twice
	weekly	weekly
6.	Reduce sugary drink consumption to 1 drink per	6. Reduce sugary drink consumption to 1 drink per
	day	day
7.	Work on limiting portion sizes	7. Work on limiting portion sizes
8.		8
Physic	ian Orders/Interventions	Physician Orders/Interventions
	<ol> <li>Provide education on the role of nutrition in</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Provide education on the role of nutrition in</li> </ol>
	managing chronic lung disease.	managing chronic lung disease.
	<ol> <li>Encourage adequate fluid intake.</li> <li>Other</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Encourage adequate fluid intake.</li> <li>Other</li> </ol>
	3. Other	3. Other
Educat	tion	Education
6.	Healthy eating for lung disease	<ol> <li>Healthy eating for lung disease</li> </ol>
7.	Tips for portion control	2. Tips for portion control
	Tips for gaining weight	<ol><li>Tips for gaining weight</li></ol>
9.	Other	4. Other
Discha	rge/Follow- up	Discharge/Follow-up
	Picture Your Plate Score:	Final Picture Your Plate Score:
Initial	weight:	Discharge weight:
4.	Maintain current weight	
	Limit sugar and saturated fat intake	<ol> <li>Maintain current weight</li> <li>Limit sugar and saturated fat intake</li> </ol>
	Other	3. Other
		5. Utiti
Psycho	osocial Goals	Psychosocial Goals
1.	Improve PHQ-9 Score by 1 category	<ol> <li>Improve PHQ-9 Score by 1 category</li> </ol>
2.	Maintain PHQ-9 Score	2. Maintain PHQ-9 Score



Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

Initial /	Assessment Date:	[ ] Day Reassessment Date:
3.	Identify 2 stress relieving mechanisms by discharge	<ol><li>Identify 2 stress relieving mechanisms by discharged</li></ol>
4.	Other:	4. Other:
Re	laxation Techniques	Relaxation Techniques
1.	Complete 30 minutes of reading or reading activity	<ol> <li>Complete 30 minutes of reading or reading acti</li> </ol>
	(crossword, word search) per day	(crossword, word search) per day
2.	Maintain a daily journal	2. Maintain a daily journal
3.	Start a notebook for daily doodling	3. Start a notebook for daily doodling
4.	Spend 30 minutes per day doing a self-care activity	4. Spend 30 minutes per day doing a self-care acti
5.	Learn a daily meditation	5. Learn a daily meditation
6.		6
Co	ping Techniques	Coping Techniques
1.	Identify internal and external stressors and learn	1. Identify internal and external stressors and lear
	how to properly manage them	how to properly manage them
2.	Establish healthy boundaries	2. Establish healthy boundaries
3.	Create daily "To-Do" lists and work towards	3. Create daily "To-Do" lists and work towards
	completing them	completing them
4.	Ask for help	4. Ask for help
5.		5
Su	pport	Support
1.	Identify a support person who can be an	1. Identify a support person who can be an
	accountability partner	accountability partner
2.	Involve family in medical/life decisions	2. Involve family in medical/life decisions
3.	Join a support group (in person or virtual)	3. Join a support group (in person or virtual)
4.		4
Physici	an Orders/Interventions	Physician Orders/Interventions
1.	Discuss signs of depression, stressors, appropriate	1. Discuss signs of depression, stressors, appropria
	coping skills, stress management, travel and	coping skills, stress management, travel and
	intimacy as appropriate.	intimacy as appropriate.
2.	Assist in identifying stress management/coping	2. Assist in identifying stress management/coping
	strategies.	strategies.
Educat	ion	Education
1.	Train in dyspnea, panic control/relaxation/stress	1. Train in dyspnea, panic control/relaxation/stres
	management techniques	management techniques
Discha	rge/Follow-up	Discharge/Follow-up



Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

#### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

Initial Assessment Date:	[ ] Day Reassessment Date:
Oxygen Management Goals	Oxygen Management Goals
1. Verbalize/demonstrate proper O2 use, infection	1. Verbalize/demonstrate proper O2 use, infection
prevention, and safety principles.	prevention, and safety principles.
<ol><li>Adherence with O2 use as prescribed.</li></ol>	<ol><li>Adherence with O2 use as prescribed.</li></ol>
<ol><li>Verbalize oxygen prescription to include:</li></ol>	<ol><li>Verbalize oxygen prescription to include:</li></ol>
a. Hours of use per day	a. Hours of use per day
<li>b. LPM at rest</li>	b. LPM at rest
c. LPM with ADLs	c. LPM with ADLs
d. LPM with sleep	d. LPM with sleep
e. LPM with exercise	e. LPM with exercise
Physician Orders/Interventions/Education	Physician Orders/Interventions/Education
1. Discuss benefits of adherence to supplemental	1. Discuss benefits of adherence to supplemental
oxygen as prescribed.	oxygen as prescribed.
2. Reinforce principles of oxygen use, safety, travel,	2. Reinforce principles of oxygen use, safety, travel,
and equipment maintenance.	and equipment maintenance.
3. Assess oxygenation via SpO2 and titrate	<ol><li>Assess oxygenation via SpO2 and titrate</li></ol>
supplemental oxygen to obtain SpO2 88% for	supplemental oxygen to obtain SpO2 88% for
refractory hypoxemic patients; 90% for general	refractory hypoxemic patients; 90% for general
patients; 92% for CHF and pulmonary hypertensio	n patients; 92% for CHF and pulmonary hypertension
patients.	patients.
Discharge/Follow-up	Discharge/Follow-up
1. Continue to use supplemental oxygen as prescribe	d 1. Continue to use supplemental oxygen as prescribed
Exacerbation Prevention Goals	Exacerbation Prevention Goals
<ol> <li>Effectively partner with healthcare team to</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Effectively partner with healthcare team to</li> </ol>
prevent/manage disease related impairments	prevent/manage disease related impairments
2. Create Respiratory Action Plan to manage flare-up	
and exacerbations	and exacerbations
Physician Orders/Interventions	Physician Orders/Interventions
<ol> <li>Train/instruct pt. and family in disease overview,</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Train/instruct pt. and family in disease overview,</li> </ol>
normal respiratory function	normal respiratory function and provide self-
2. Provide self-management plan for managing	management plan
worsening symptoms	2. Provide self-management plan for managing
	worsening symptoms
Education	Education
1. Train patient to recognize warning signs and	1. Train patient to recognize warning signs and
symptoms of exacerbation	symptoms of exacerbation
Discharge/Follow-up	Discharge/Follow-up
Discusibely out an	proceeding Pc/1 out on the



## Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

Initial Assessment Date:	[ ] Day Reassessment Date:
<ol> <li>Follow Action Plan for worsening symptoms</li> <li>Review Action Plan with MD at each visit to maintain current</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Follow Action Plan for worsening symptoms</li> <li>Review Action Plan with MD at each visit to maintain current</li> </ol>
Medications	Medications
Goals	Goals
<ol> <li>Optimal use of respiratory medications 100% of time</li> <li>Describe medications, purpose, side-effects, dosing</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Optimal use of respiratory medications 100% of time</li> <li>Describe medications, purpose, side-effects, dosing</li> </ol>
Physician Orders – Interventions	Physician Orders – Interventions
<ol> <li>Review prescribed meds purpose, schedule, side- effects, correct administration technique and importance of compliance</li> <li>Assess PIFR, if &lt; 30 LPM for DPI and/or &lt; 25 LPM for pMDI, contact the MD to discuss alternatives to MDI/DPI inhaler devices</li> <li>Identify reasons for non-compliance and discuss options</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Review prescribed meds purpose, schedule, side- effects, correct administration technique and importance of compliance</li> <li>Assess PIFR, if &lt; 30 LPM for DPI and/or &lt; 25 LPM for DMDL contact the MD to discuss alternatives to MDI/DPI inhaler devices</li> <li>Identify reasons for non-compliance and discuss options</li> </ol>
Education	Education
<ol> <li>Review prescribed meds purpose, schedule, side- effects, correct administration technique and importance of compliance</li> <li>Train/instruct patient and family in disease overview, normal respiratory function and provide self-management plan</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Review prescribed meds purpose, schedule, side- effects, correct administration technique and importance of compliance</li> <li>Train/instruct patient and family in disease overview, normal respiratory function and provide self-management plan</li> </ol>
Discharge/Follow-up	Discharge/Follow-up
<ol> <li>Uses medications as prescribed</li> <li>Demonstrates correct inhaler technique</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Uses medications as prescribed</li> <li>Demonstrates correct inhaler technique</li> </ol>



Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

#### Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

	Assessment Date:	[ ] Day Reassessment Date:
Breath	ing Retraining/Energy Conservation Plan	Breathing Retraining/Energy Conservation Plan
Goals		Goals
1.	Patient will demonstrate improved ability to	1. Patient will demonstrate improved ability to
	perform daily activities as demonstrated by an	perform daily activities as demonstrated by an
	improvement in RPD score.	improvement in RPD score.
Physici	an Orders – Interventions	Physician Orders – Interventions
	Assess patient's ability to perform daily activities Reassess patient symptoms using UCSD SOBQ, MMRC, and CAT at completion of pulmonary rehab.	<ol> <li>Assess patient's ability to perform daily activities</li> <li>Reassess patient symptoms using UCSD SOBQ, <u>MMRC</u>, and CAT at completion of pulmonary rehab.</li> </ol>
Educat	ion	Education
1.	Educate patient in pacing, pursed lip breathing and energy conservation techniques to improve ability to perform daily activities with less shortness of breath.	<ol> <li>Educate patient in pacing, pursed lip breathing and energy conservation techniques to improve ability to perform daily activities with less shortness of breath.</li> </ol>
Discha	rge/Follow-up	Discharge/Follow-up
	Demonstrates effective use of PLB, pacing and energy conservation techniques with daily activities Continue to practice PLB and pacing on a daily basis to improve functional ability and maintain knowledge	<ol> <li>Demonstrates effective use of PLB, pacing and energy conservation techniques with daily activities</li> <li>Continue to practice PLB and pacing on a daily basis to improve functional ability and maintain knowledge</li> </ol>
Tobacc	o Cessation Plan	Tobacco Cessation Plan
Goals		Goals
2. 3.	Complete cessation Set a quit date Progress stage of change Reduce tobacco products to ½ of current level	<ol> <li>Complete cessation</li> <li>Set a quit date</li> <li>Progress stage of change</li> <li>Reduce tobacco products to ½ of current level</li> </ol>
MD Or	ders/Interventions	MD Orders/Interventions
	<ol> <li>Assess patient's current status of readiness to quit</li> <li>Identify smoking triggers and work with patient to choose a method for quitting</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Assess patient's current status of readiness to quit</li> <li>Identify smoking triggers and work with patient to choose a method for quitting</li> </ol>



Initial Assessment

Discharge/Follow-up

**Respiratory Equipment:** 

MD Orders/Intervention

Education

Goals

Education

(after	Atrium Health Wake Forest Baptist			ilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services ized Treatment Plan (ITP)
itial /	Assessment Date:		[	] Day Reassessment Date:
	3. Create survival plan and provid	e		<ol><li>Create survival plan and provide</li></ol>
	support/education for tobacco	cessation effort		support/education for tobacco cessation effort
lucat 1.	ion Discuss benefits of quitting, quit op pharmacologic aids, survival plan, o management of slips & relapses	,	Educat 1.	ion Discuss benefits of quitting, quit options, pharmacologic aids, survival plan, coping strategies, management of slips & relapses
scha	rge/Follow-up		Discha	rge/Follow-up
1.	Continue to follow survival plan to smoking status	maintain no	1.	Continue to follow survival plan to maintain no smoking status
2.	Follow plan for managing slips/rela	pses, if needed	2.	Follow plan for managing slips/relapses, if needed
espi	ratory Equipment:		Respi	ratory Equipment:
oals			Goals	
1.	Use respiratory devices as ordered		1.	Use respiratory devices as ordered
2.	Follow manufacturers guidelines fo	or use,	2.	Follow manufacturers guidelines for use,

ans		Godis	
2. D Or	Use respiratory devices as ordered Follow manufacturers guidelines for use, maintenance, cleaning of equipment ders/Intervention Train on correct use of device to include setup, use,	2. MD Or	Use respiratory devices as ordered Follow manufacturers guidelines for use, maintenance, cleaning of equipment ders/Intervention Train on correct use of device to include setup, use,
	cleaning & safety		cleaning & safety
ucat	ion	Educat	ion
1. 2.	Purpose and correct use of device Setup, maintenance and cleaning procedures	1. 2.	Purpose and correct use of device Setup, maintenance and cleaning procedures

Discharge/Follow-up

1. Follow instructions

2. Continue to use device as instructed

#### Discharge/Follow-up

1.	Follow instructions
2.	Continue to use device as instructed

	manna
SV Wake Forest Baptist	Individ
Atrium Health Wake Forest Baptist	Pulmonary R

Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services

#### dualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

nished under this plan of care. Supe ising Physi n: I certify t

Signature:

\_\_\_\_

Date:

#### Medical Director

# DAILY (SESSION) NOTES

# Daily (Session) Notes - Purpose

# Provides documentation that submitted charges are the services that were performed

- Daily note supports billing of services that were provided during a specific visit vs. Individualized Treatment Plan that supports medical necessity
- Supports billing of timed codes (Go237-Go238) and treatment code (Go239) as well as 94625 and 94626

# Documents visit activities and patient's response to treatment

- Pt must be present for at least 31 minutes in order to charge for visit (CPT Codes 94625, 94626)
- Must perform some exercise each session (pulmonary) or each day (cardiac)
- Continuous vs. intermittent pulse oximetry

# **Facilitates ITP updates**

# Daily (Session) Notes - Contents

- Clear and concise, patient centered
- Can use SOAP note, flow sheet or other format approved by institution
- Use smart text/wild cards to increase charting efficiency
- What was addressed in session and pt.'s. response
- Changes observed in pt.'s. response to treatment (progress /regression)
- Updates to ITP

Components	Patient Specific Documentation
Pt. Identification	2 Factor Identification (Name, Medical Record Number, etc.) should be present on each page of document
Arrival/Checkout Times: Session Length (minutes): Reason for visit:	Assistance (Devices, Staff, Supplemental O2)
<ul> <li>Assessment – Required by DHHS, TJC</li> <li>Should be brief</li> <li>Precautions: Fall Risk, PAH,</li> <li>Seizures, Osteoporosis, PTSD,</li> <li>Medication Compliance,</li> <li>Hypoglycemia, Severe Hypoxia, etc.</li> </ul>	Pain, Safety, Falls VS: SpO2, HR, BP, Weight Rate Your Day Breath Sounds Other: FSBS, RPD/ RPE, ECG, PIFR/PEFR Changes since last visit
Describe what was addressed during session Not all essential elements will be addressed during each session	Exercise: Modality Intensity Frequency Duration Plan for Progression Nutrition: Overweight, Underweight, Diabetic, etc. Plan Psychosocial: Response to and progress toward meeting goals Oxygen: Adherence with O2 use, Changes to O2 Rx & pt response Other Essential Elements: Progress toward meeting goals
Supervising Provider • MD/DO/FNP/PA/CNS	Medical Director must be MD or DO ITPs/Orders can only be signed by MD/DO

# Daily (Session) Note – Example 1

Date: 12/21/2022 Class Time: 0930 Department: Mc Sc 02 Pulmonary Rehabilitation Department Phone: 336-713-8855

MRN: 1234567 Description: male DOB: 0/00/00 Provider: Pulmonary Rehabilitation

# **Pulmonary Rehabilitation Session Note:**

- Visit Count: 24
- Check in Time: 0925
   Check out Time: 1030
- Aerobic Exercise Time: 40 Minutes
- Total Session Time: 65 Minutes

# Assessment:

SpO2: 94% on Rm Air HR: 78 FSBS: BP:

Compliant w/medications: Y N Falls since last visit:

Do you feel safe at home: Y N Travel outside US:

Any changes since last visit:

### SUBJECTIVE:

Current Functional Limitations: Shortness of breath due to chronic lung disease limiting ability to perform daily activities.

## **OBJECTIVE:**

Arrived with assistance of wife and rollator walker on room air Assistive Devices: rollator walker

## ASSESSMENT:

Exercise: Xxxxxx Xxxxxxx completed 40 minutes of 1:1 aerobic exercise utilizing treadmill, recumbent bike. Followed by 20 Minutes of 1:1 strength training Lowest SpO2 92% on room air. RPD at highest exercise intensity: 4 /10 RPE 5/10. Heart Rate at highest exercise intensity: 118. Symptoms voiced by patient: SOB with exertion Xxxxxxxx continues to require skilled care due to need for additional strengthening and conditioning.

## **Education:**

Education Topic: Pursed Lip Breathing and Pacing; Stair Climbing – He has not been able to climb stairs due to SOB. Delivery Method: Discussion and demonstration Presented to: patient Patient Response: patient verbalized understanding / returned appropriate demonstration. Was able to climb 1 flight (12 steps). Will follow up at next session. Wife reports pt. is more active at home.

## Plan:

Continue monitored therapeutic exercise and education to improve strength, endurance and self management skills due to frailty and increased fall risk. Increase TM from 2.0 to 2.5 MPH, 0° incline, Progress Theraband from Red to Blue Level.

Expected time to reach goal: 12 sessions.

## Supervising physician:

Karl W. Thomas, MD

Electronically signed by: xxxxxxx xxxxxxx 12/21/2022 9:39 AM

PR ORS Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services Daily Notes Name: \_\_\_\_ Diagnosis: Class time: Special Considerations: MD O2 RX: Pt. Goals: A, AC, AD, A&P, BR, CLD, EC, EF, EX, I, M, N, O, RE, TC, SM, Other: Equipment Settings - NS: S: A: AD: S: TM: MPH: % Grade: TBE: S: A: R: ST = Strength Training: Pre-Exercise First Activity Second Activity HR O2 BP Meds Pain/Safety HR O2 CF/ RPD RPE Time HR O2 CF/ RPD RPE Time Date Time WT Equip Level Laps/ Equip Level Laps/ PD In/Out METs METs PD 1 Charge: COPD/Long COVID 50004850 [ ] 1:1 Ed 50006689 [ ] 1:1 FR 50006690 [ ] Assess 50004040 [ ] 02 60001843 [ ] NC 60001842 [ ] 02 Assess 50004042 [ ] Notes: 2 Notes: Charge: COPD 50004850 [ ] 1:1 Ed 50006689 [ ] 1:1 FR 50006690 [ ] Assess 50004040 [ ] 02 60001843 [ ] NC 60001842 [ ] 02 Assess 50004042 [ ] 3 Notes: Charge: COPD 50004850 [ ] 1:1 Ed 50006689 [ ] 1:1 FR 50006690 [ ] Assess 50004040 [ ] 02 60001843 [ ] NC 60001842 [ ] 02 Assess 50004042 [ ] 4 Notes: Charge: COPD 50004850 [ ] 1:1 Ed 50006689 [ ] 1:1 FR 50006690 [ ] Assess 50004040 [ ] 02 60001843 [ ] NC 60001842 [ ] 02 Assess 50004042 [ ] 5 Charge: COPD 50004850 [ ] 1:1 Ed 50006689 [ ] 1:1 FR 50006690 [ ] Assess 50004040 [ ] 02 60001843 [ ] NC 60001842 [ ] 02 Assess 50004042 [ ] Notes: 6 Charge: COPD 50004850 [ ] 1:1 Ed 50006689 [ ] 1:1 FR 50006690 [ ] Assess 50004040 [ ] 02 60001843 [ ] NC 60001842 [ ] 02 Assess 50004042 [ ] Notes: Charge: COPD 50004850 [ ] 1:1 Ed 50006689 [ ] 1:1 FR 50006690 [ ] Assess 50004040 [ ] 02 60001843 [ ] NC 60001842 [ ] 02 Assess 50004042 [ ] Notes: 8 Notes: LEGEND: A - Asthma AC - Airway Clearance AD - Advanced Directives A&P - Anat&Physiol BR - Breathing Retraining CLD - Chronic Lung Disease EC- Energy Conservation EF - Environ Factors EX - Exercise I - Intimacy

M - Medications N - Nutrition O - Oxygen RE - Resp Equip TC - Tobacco Cessation SM - Stress Management/Relaxation WS - Warning Signs Other:

# Daily (Session) Note – Example 2

# **Flow Sheet**

ardiac Rehab Individ Pulmon	ary Rehab Indiv	Pulmonary Rehab Sessi	6 Min Walk	RT Cardiac Rehal	o In 🔎 🏓
Accordion Expanded Vie	ew All			2/4/25 1400	
1	2h 4h 0h 24h	Internal Clerk 0700 Depart	Marrie	Stages of Change	<b>†</b> ↓
1m 5m 10m 15m 30m 1h	The second se	Interval Start: 0700 Reset	NOW	Select single option (F5)	7
		Clinical Support		Contemplate	
0.0		2025		Maintenance	
<sup>O</sup> Search (Alt+Comma)	1300	1400 🝷		Pre-contemplation	
Exercise Assessment Start	1		-	Prep	
Stages of Change		<u>, 0</u>		Relapse	
Assessment				Action	
Assistive Devices				Comments (Alt+M)	
Fall Risk				Commone (, at my	
Pain					
Dyspnea				Flowsheet Information -	×
Exercise Prescription and	Target Heart Rate				
Mode					
Frequency					
Duration					
Intensity (MAX METS)				•	
Progression					
Target Heart Rate					
SPO2					
Liters					
Resting BP					
Peak Exercise BP					
Intervention		11) LEG			
Home Exercise Type					
Frequency					
Duration					
Education					

# Summary: ITP Components

- A. Assessment
  - > Exercise
  - Nutrition
  - Psychosocial
  - ≻ Oxygen
  - Other Essential Elements
- B. Plan
  - > Goals
  - Intervention
  - Education
- C. Reassessment/Outcomes



# **Extended Absence Documentation**

# **Option 1**

Atrium Health	Pulmonary Rehabilitation/Outpatient Respiratory Services
Wake Forest Baptist	Individualized Treatment Plan (ITP)

#### 30 60 90 Day Reassessment

Patient Name:	MRN:
XXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX S Pulmonary Rehabilitation p	rogram has been placed on hold due to: (describe reason).
Patient has not attended pulmonary rehabilitation etc.)	since (date). Patient is expected to return on (date or 4 weeks,
Supervising Physician: I certify the continued medie the above issue has resolved.	cal need for these services furnished under this plan of care once
Signature:	Date:

Medical Director

# Option 2

Document reason for placing patient on hold under each domain.

Must complete up to 36 visits in 36 weeks